

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Danske Invest Allocation Global Portfolio Solution EUR - Balanced
Legal entity identifier: 549300P1UH1F03R2EG25

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes

No

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy<input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 31% of sustainable investments <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with a social objective |
| <input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with a social objective: % | <input type="checkbox"/> It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments |



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

Exclusions on Fossil Fuel Transition Laggards were added in June 2025

Exclusions on Sustainability Risk were added in June 2025

Exclusions on Statens Pensionsfond Utland (SPU) were removed in November 2025

Through investments in the master fund, the fund promoted:

1. The UN Sustainable Development Goals (the "SDGs") by partially investing in sustainable investments contributing to the goals.
2. Sound sustainability practices through inclusion and weighting of issuers demonstrating responsible handling of environmental, social and governance aspects.
3. Sound environmental stewardship through inclusion and weighting of issuers demonstrating responsible handling of environmental matters assessed against climate-related parameters.
4. Adherence to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles on

Business and Human Rights, conventions adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO) and other international minimum safeguards as well as good governance principles through an enhanced sustainability standards screening.

5. Certain minimum environmental safeguards through exclusions.
6. Certain minimum ethical and social safeguards through exclusions.

The fund was subject to the Active Ownership Policy of Danske Invest Management A/S with an obligation to exercise active ownership in line with the principles of the policy and underlying guidelines. The fund considered the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors as disclosed in this report.

The fund did not apply a reference benchmark for the attainment of its environmental and/or social characteristics.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The graphs and tables below demonstrate the performance of the sustainability indicators measured in relation to the environmental and/or social characteristics of the fund.

The sustainability indicators are not subject to an assurance provided by an auditor or other review by a third party.

For additional information, please refer to the "SFDR Reading Guide" in this report and the document "Sustainability-related disclosure", which is available under the heading "Sustainability-related disclosures for our funds" at:

https://www.danskeinvest.lu/page/responsible_investments_insight

Sustainable investments

Indicator: The weighted share of investments in the fund contributing to the UN SDGs and deemed to be sustainable investments on the basis of:

- Danske Bank's SDG Model, which measures a company's positive contribution to the SDGs on the basis of the issuer's revenue from activities contributing positively to one or more SDGs (the model applies to equity shares, credit bonds and similar listed securities)
- Danske Bank's criteria for sustainability-labelled bonds, which assess the bonds on the basis of the framework criteria for the issuance (EU Green Bond Standard or ICMA) and allocation to projects that contribute to one or more SDGs.

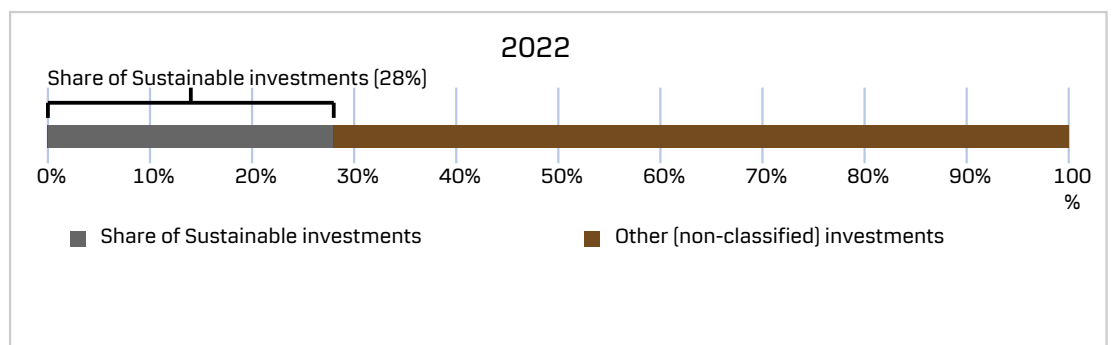
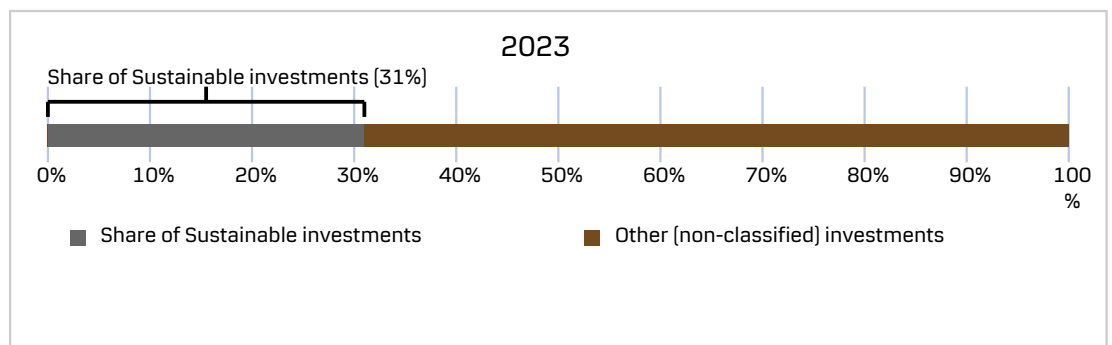
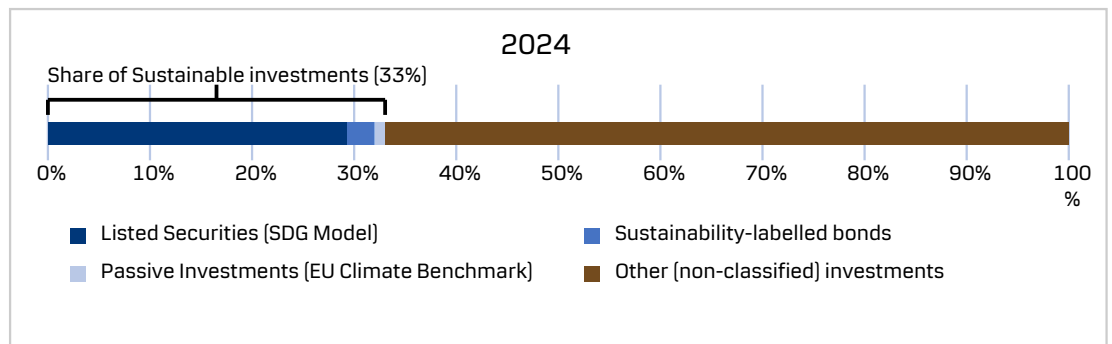
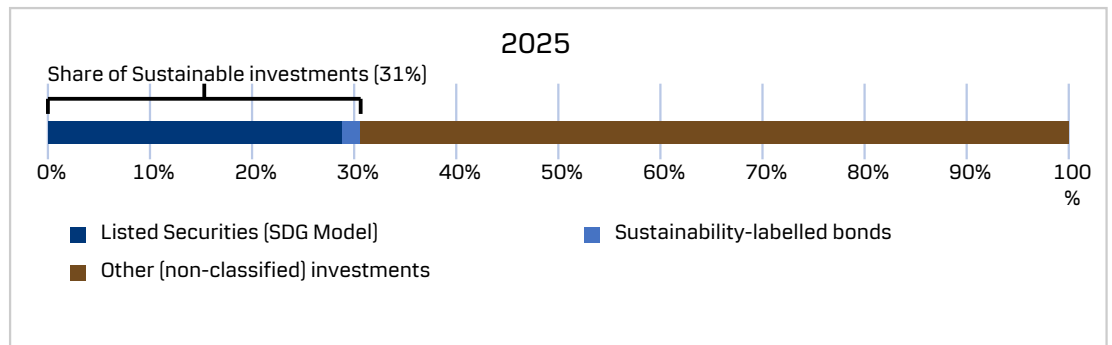
The graph below demonstrates the weighted share of the fund's sustainable investments.

Investments that do not meet the criteria of a sustainable investment in the fund are marked as "Other (non-classified) investments".

For information on the measured contributions of the sustainable investments to each of the SDGs, see "What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?".

Binding element: The fund is committed to investing a minimum of 5% of its total investments in sustainable investments.

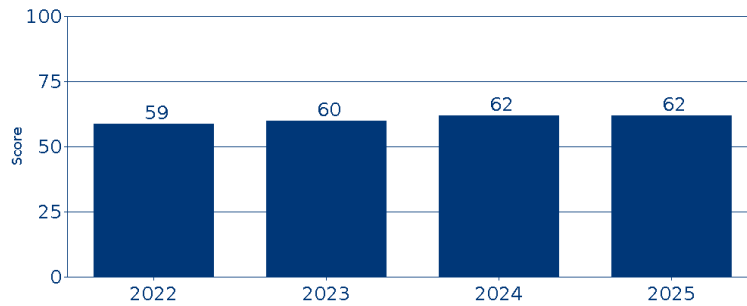
Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.



Inclusions - Sound sustainability practices

Indicator: Weighted ESG score of the portfolio. The ESG score is based on a proprietary model developed in-house. Data coverage for this indicator was 65%.

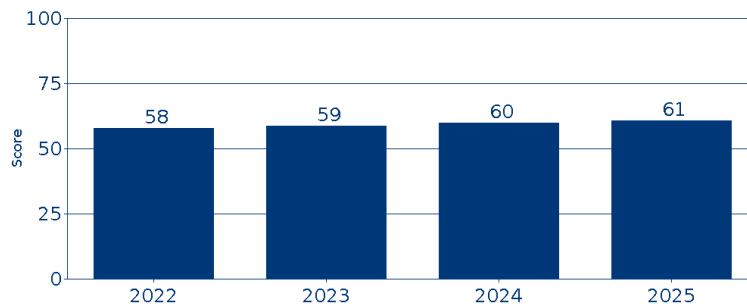
Binding element: Issuers are selected such that the fund on average has as an ESG score of 50 or above. Individual issuers may have scored below 50 as long as the total measured part of the portfolio scored 50 or above.



Inclusions – Sound Environmental stewardship

Indicator: Carbon Risk Rating score of the portfolio. The Carbon Risk Rating is based on an external rating by ISS ESG. Data coverage for this indicator was 66%.

Binding element: Issuers are selected such that the fund on average has a Carbon Risk Rating score of 50 or above. Individual issuers may have scored below 50 as long as the total measured part of the portfolio scored 50 or above.



Exclusions

Indicator: The number of excluded investments in the fund's portfolio and the number of issuers on the exclusion list as a result of the exclusion criteria.

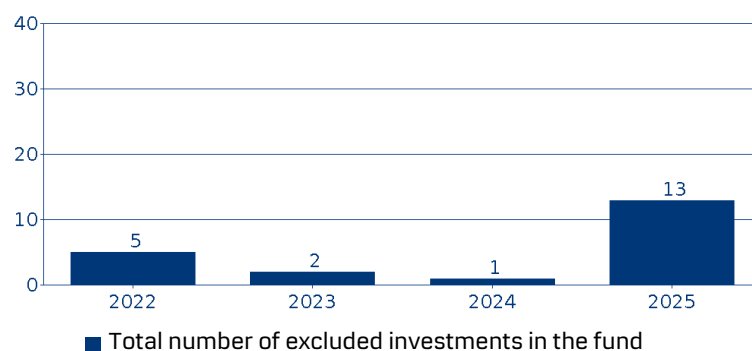
Exclusions are attained through the indicators, thresholds and definitions set out in the Exclusion Instruction of Danske Invest Management A/S. The table below demonstrates the total number of excluded investments in each exclusion category applied by the fund, see "Total number of exclusions". The number of excluded investments does not reflect the actual reduction of the fund's investment universe. This is because not all excluded investments are covered by the fund's reference benchmark and/or the fund's investment strategy. To the extent a reference benchmark exists, the number of excluded investments in the benchmark is shown see "Excluded issuers in benchmark (%)" and "Excluded issuers in benchmark (number)". The benchmark is considered to be representative of the fund's investment universe in this respect. An investment reported through these numbers can be excluded in more than one category.

Binding element: The fund excludes investments that are captured by its exclusion criteria. As a general exemption to the main rule, the fund may from time to time be allowed to hold excluded investments in their portfolios if the investment is deemed nonmaterial and services a due cause. Non-material investments are investments which do not result in a product having more than 1% of its total investments in excluded positions or as otherwise detailed in the precontractual disclosures.

Exclusion	Issuers on Danske Bank's exclusion list	Excluded issuers in BM (number)	Weight of BM excluded	Total number of excluded companies in portfolio
Thermal coal	368	N/A	N/A	0
Controversial weapons	45	N/A	N/A	0
Good governance*	25	N/A	N/A	0
Norms*	425	N/A	N/A	0
Peat-fired power generation	1	N/A	N/A	0
Pornography	11	N/A	N/A	0
Excluded countries*	25	N/A	N/A	0
Tar sands	53	N/A	N/A	0
Tobacco	120	N/A	N/A	0
Sustainability risk	24	N/A	N/A	0
Fossil fuel transition laggards	1916	N/A	N/A	13

Investments reported as investments in excluded investments under the fossil fuel transition laggards exclusion category (as relevant) concern investments in primarily emerging market debt. These investments are treated in accordance with the binding commitment of the fund in regard to the de minimis rule.

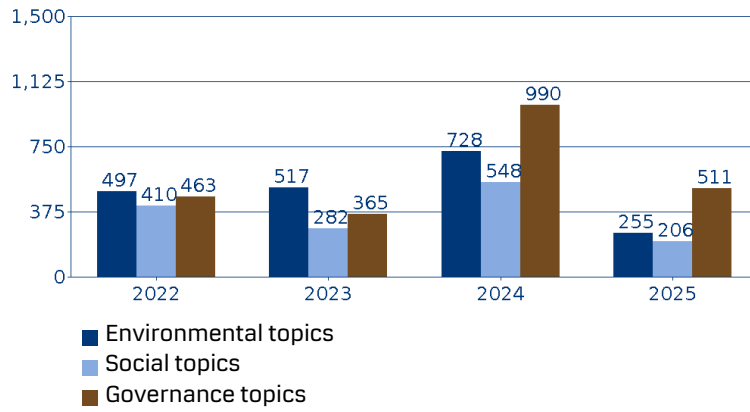
*A part of Enhanced Sustainability Standards



Active ownership

Indicator: Number of engagement activities applied to issuers in the fund's portfolio. The graph below demonstrates engagement activities registered by Danske Bank or delegated managers for issuers in the fund's portfolio. Engagements registered did not necessarily take place as part of the direct management of the fund.

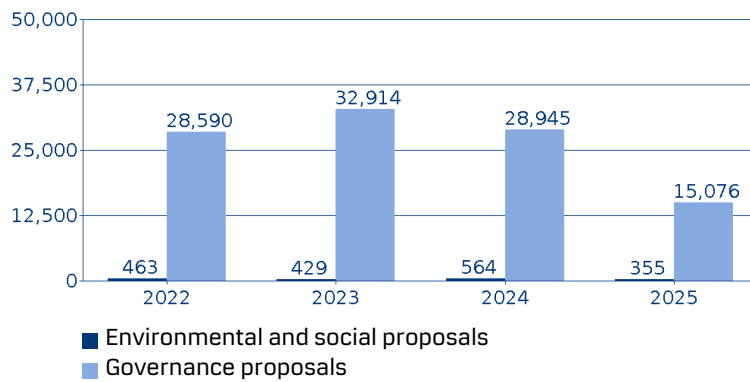
Binding element: The fund is committed to ensure engagement with issuers in the fund's portfolio in accordance with the Active Ownership Policy of Danske Invest Management A/S.



Voting

Indicator: Number of voted proposals. This includes voting conducted at the level of underlying funds.

Binding element: The fund commits to voting on proposals concerning environmental and/or social matters in accordance with the Active Ownership Policy.



...and compared to previous periods?

The charts above provide as relevant historical comparisons against previous reporting periods.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The fund invested partially in sustainable investments through investments of its master fund. The objective of the sustainable investments of the fund is to contribute to one or more of the UN SDGs. The UN SDGs consist of 17 goals including underlying targets that contribute to social and environmental objectives. The individual SDGs are: SDG 1: No Poverty; SDG 2: Zero Hunger; SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being; SDG 4: Quality Education; SDG 5: Gender Equality; SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation; SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy; SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth; SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure; SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities; SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities; SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production; SDG 13: Climate Action; SDG 14: Life Below Water; SDG 15: Life On Land; SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions; and SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals.

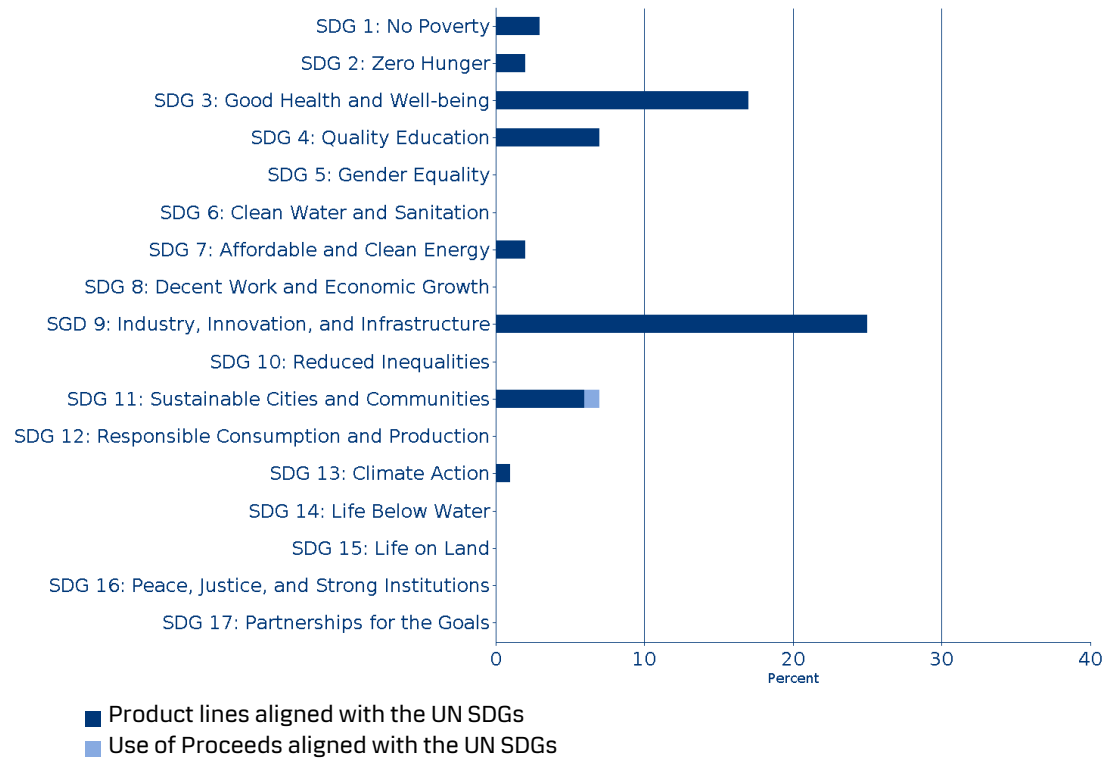
The fund contributed to the UN SDGs through indirect and/or direct investments:

- issuers generating 50% or more of their revenue from products and services (“product lines”) identified as contributing to one or more SDGs according to Danske Bank’s SDG Model. Under the SDG Model an issuer may also meet the criteria for a sustainable investment if its activities predominantly contribute to environmental objectives that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. However, the fund is under no obligation to make such investments. The measured contributions of the issuers to the individual SDGs are reported in the graph below (see “Product lines aligned with the UN SDGs”).
- sustainability-labelled bond issuances adhering to framework requirements for labelled bonds of the International Capital Markets Association (ICMA), and where the issuance is allocated to financing projects contributing to one or more of the SDGs in accordance with Danske Bank’s sustainable investment criteria. The criteria were updated in 2024. The measured contributions to the individual SDGs are reported in the graph below (see “Use of Proceeds aligned with the UN SDGs”). The graph does not reflect contributions from issuances that have not yet been allocated to targeted projects.

The fund also invested in activities substantially contributing to one or more of the environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy (see “To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?”). The reported share of economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy of 1% as based on revenue can be attributed with 0.7% on activities in support of the climate change mitigation objective; 0.0% on activities in support of the climate change adaptation objective; 0% on activities in support of sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, 0% on activities in support of transitioning to a circular economy, 0% on activities in support of pollution prevention and control; and 0% on activities in support of protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. For some of the companies’ reported taxonomy-aligned activities, there is no data on which of the environmental objectives the activities of these investments contribute to.

Breakdown of the sustainable investments' contributions to the UN SDGs

This graph demonstrates a breakdown of how the sustainable investments of the fund contributed to the UN SDGs as based on the SDG Classification developed by Danske Bank.



How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The fund applied exclusions that prevented the fund from investing in certain issuers that cause significant harm to social and environmental objectives, including for sustainable investments. In addition, sustainable investment methodologies applied for the fund incorporated criteria to address these aspects, including PAI thresholds [see "How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?"] and ["Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?"].

For the 'do no significant harm' assessments of Taxonomy-aligned activities, the fund has leveraged data from issuers reporting their taxonomy-alignment in accordance with the screening criteria set out in the EU Taxonomy Regulation.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Do no significant harm considerations for the fund's sustainable investments were supplemented with thresholds on principal adverse impact indicators for investee companies relating to greenhouse gas emissions, sector exposure to fossil fuels, consumption and production of non-renewable energy sources, energy consumption intensity, investments in companies with no carbon emission reduction initiatives, activities adversely impacting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste, as well as social and employee matters. Even if an investment positively contributed to an environmental or social objective and was generally permitted according to the fund's exclusion criteria, the investment still had to comply with current PAI-indicator thresholds to be

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

considered a sustainable investment. The thresholds are defined on the basis of assessments of when an exposure to any of these indicators has such an impact that it should be perceived per se as causing significant harm to environmental or social objectives. This assessment is revised continuously in step with improvements in underlying data and developments in the understanding of 'do no significant harm'. To see the current thresholds, please refer to the sustainability-related disclosures of the fund in the document "Sustainability-related disclosure", available at: https://www.danskeinvest.lu/page/responsible_investments_insight under the heading "Sustainability-related disclosures on our funds".

The degree to which the principal adverse impact indicators were otherwise addressed might have varied at the level of the underlying funds.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The sustainable investments of the fund were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. These principles were safeguarded through the fund's exclusions based on Danske Bank's enhanced sustainability standards screening.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a 'do no significant harm' principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The 'do no significant harm' principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The fund has measured the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors on the basis of the principal adverse impact indicators ("PAI indicators") defined in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288.

The average performance measured for the PAI-indicators considered by the fund is outlined in the table below. The data coverage for the individual indicators varies greatly. For this reason, the measured impacts are supplemented with information on the coverage per indicator. Information on the data sources and calculation principles are available in the "SFDR Reading Guide".

The figures (including data coverage) have been recalculated for prior reference periods to ensure comparability with calculations performed for 2025.

"Coverage" in the table measures data coverage for eligible assets of investee companies or sovereigns.

For further information on the actions taken in respect of the relevant indicators, please see the outline below the table.

Indicators for investments in investee companies [represents 65% of the total investments]					
Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG)		2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
01	Scope 1 GHG Emissions (tons) Direct emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the company	72 / 93%	249 / 94%	374 / 94%	218 / 92%
02	Scope 2 GHG Emissions (tons) Indirect emissions from the use of purchased energy	21 / 93%	64 / 94%	93 / 94%	64 / 92%
03	Scope 3 GHG Emissions (tons) All other indirect emissions that occur across the value chain	1,262 / 93%	4,038 / 94%	4,651 / 94%	2,459 / 92%
04	Total GHG emissions (tons)	1,355 / 93%	4,351 / 94%	5,118 / 94%	2,741 / 92%
05	Carbon footprint (tCO2e / m€ invested)	446 / 93%	516 / 94%	493 / 94%	384 / 92%
06	GHG intensity of investee companies (tCO2e / m€ of revenue)	1,136 / 93%	1,185 / 94%	1,345 / 94%	1,162 / 92%
07	Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (Share of investments)	5% / 93%	6% / 94%	6% / 93%	4% / 92%
08	Share of non-renewable energy - Consumption	31% / 65%	34% / 64%	37% / 67%	35% / 51%
09	Share of non-renewable energy - Production	2% / 90%	2% / 90%	2% / 90%	2% / 90%
10	Energy consumption intensity per high impact sector (GWh per million EUR of revenue)				
	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0	0	0	0
	Mining and quarrying	1	1	1	1
	Manufacturing	1	0	1	0
	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2	1	3	2
	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1	1	1	1
	Construction	0	0	1	0
	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1	0	0	0
	Transportation and storage	1	1	1	1
	Real estate activities	0	0	1	0
11	Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives aimed at aligning with the Paris Agreement (share of investments)	37% / 93%	40% / 94%	40% / 94%	46% / 92%
Biodiversity - Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas					
		2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
12	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	0% / 92%	0% / 94%	0% / 93%	0% / 92%
Water - Emissions to water					
		2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
13	Tonnes of emission to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested (weighted average)	0 / 3%	0 / 3%	0 / 3%	0 / 4%

Waste - Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
14 Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested (weighted average)	1 / 42%	<1 / 42%	1 / 44%	27 / 17%

Social and employee matters	2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
15 Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (share of investments)	0% / 93%	0% / 94%	0% / 94%	<1% / 92%
16 Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (Share of investments without policies to monitor)	8% / 91%	11% / 92%	20% / 91%	13% / 90%
17 Unadjusted gender pay gap (average)	10% / 17%	6% / 10%	6% / 7%	5% / 7%
18 Board gender diversity (Average ratio of female to male)	35% / 91%	37% / 88%	35% / 87%	34% / 87%
19 Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons) (Share of investments)	0% / 93%	0% / 94%	0% / 93%	0% / 92%
20 Insufficient whistleblower protection (Share of investments without policies on the protection of whistleblowers)	<1% / 91%	<1% / 92%	1% / 91%	<1% / 79%
21 Lack of human rights policy (Share of investments without a human rights policy)	28% / 91%	34% / 92%	45% / 92%	24% / 90%

The indicators below apply only to sovereigns and supranationals (represents 18% of the total investments)	2025 Impact / Coverage	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
22 GHG intensity of investee countries (Emissions / GDP)	330 / 94%	360 / 97%	350 / 97%	336 / 98%
23 Investee countries subject to social violations (percentage)	56 (81%) / 94%	59 (84%) / 97%	56 (81%) / 97%	53 (79%) / 98%
24 Average Corruption Score	2 / 94%	2 / 97%	2 / 97%	2 / 98%
25 Non-cooperative tax jurisdictions	0 / 94%	0 / 97%	0 / 97%	0 / 98%
26 Average rule of law score	2 / 94%	2 / 97%	2 / 97%	2 / 98%

Actions taken in relation to indicators on investee companies

GHG Emissions

Indicators 1-11 concerning climate-related factors were prioritised through the fund's climate-related exclusions. As reported in the section "How did the sustainability indicators perform" 367 issuers were in total on the exclusion list for thermal coal, and 1 were on the list for peat-fired power generation, 1,916 on the list for fossil fuel transition laggards and 53 on the list for tar sands. 172 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund for issues relating to these indicators. The sustainable investments of the fund also integrated the PAI indicators in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm to an environmental objective.

Biodiversity

Indicator 12 concerning biodiversity was partly covered by the funds enhanced sustainability standards screening. During the reference period, more than 50 issuers were on the exclusion list due to matters among others pertaining to biodiversity. 15 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund relating to this indicator. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for this PAI indicator in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm

to an environmental objective.

Water and Waste

Indicators 13 and 14 regarding emissions to water and hazardous waste were partially covered by the fund's extended sustainability screening. During the reference period, there were 110 issuers on the exclusion list due to conditions related to harmful environmental practices, including in some cases related to emissions to water and hazardous waste. 21 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund in this regard. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for these PAI indicators in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm to an environmental objective.

Social and Employee matters

Indicators 15-21 regarding social and employee matters were partially covered by Danske Bank's enhanced sustainability screening and exclusions for controversial weapons. In the reference period, there were 110 issuers on the exclusion list relating to the enhanced sustainability standards screening for matters related to these topics, including exclusions due to specific breaches of human rights, good governance, and labour rights. The exclusion list for controversial weapons included 45 excluded issuers. 135 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund in relation to these issues. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for these PAI indicators in the assessment of whether an issuer caused significant harm to a social objective.

Indicators applicable to sovereigns and supranationals

The indicators on the GHG intensity of investee countries, investee countries associated with social rights violations, average corruption score, non-cooperative tax jurisdictions and average rule of law score formed part of the assessment related to country exclusions applied under Danske Bank's enhanced sustainability standards screening. During the reference period, 25 countries were on the country exclusion list. 2 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund in relation to these indicators.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest investments	ISIN	Sector	% of the assets	Country
Di Sele Global Equity Solution Akk Dkk W	DK0060507432	Financials	21.3%	DK
Di Emerging Markets Debt Hard Ccy - Acc Eur W H	DK0060791994	Financials	8.8%	DK
Di Sicav Glb Infl Lnk Bond Short Duration I	LU1116404168	Financials	6.6%	LU
Di Sicav Euro Invest. Grade Corp. Bond I	LU0249702647	Financials	6.4%	LU
Di Global High Yield Bonds - Acc., Class Eur W H	DK0060788420	Financials	5.2%	DK
Di Sicav Emerg. Mkts. Debt Hard Ccy I Eur H	LU1204911561	Financials	3.3%	LU
Di Nye Markeder - Akkumulerende, Klasse Dkk W	DK0060791804	Financials	2.6%	DK
Nvidia Corp.	US67066G1040	Information Technology	2.2%	US
Apple Inc.	US0378331005	Information Technology	2.0%	US
Microsoft Corp.	US5949181045	Information Technology	1.8%	US
Bundesrepub. Deutschland 0.5% 15.02.2026	DE0001102390	Government bonds	1.6%	DE
Di Euro High Yield Obligationer Akk Dkk W H	DK0060786994	Financials	1.5%	DK
Bundesrepub. Deutschland 1% 15.08.2025	DE0001102382	Government bonds	1.4%	DE
France (Govt Of) 0.1% 01.03.2029	FR0013410552	Government bonds	1.1%	FR
Amazon.Com Inc.	US0231351067	Consumer Discretionary	1.1%	US

Top investments are calculated based on the largest monthly investments observed over a year. Out

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is 1 January 2025 - 31 December 2025.

of the monthly observations, the single largest investment is identified and reported. Where possible, the top 15 investments throughout the year are reported.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments

The “asset allocation” chart shows the extent to which the fund invested in sustainable investments, the allocation of investments used for the attainment of environmental and/or social characteristics, as well as other investments.

The fund invested 31% in sustainable investments.

What was the asset allocation?

The fund promoted environmental and/or social characteristics through screening, which provided the foundation for its exclusions, sustainable investments and active ownership activities. The reported proportion of EU Taxonomy-aligned activities is based on revenue figures reported for these activities against the total value.

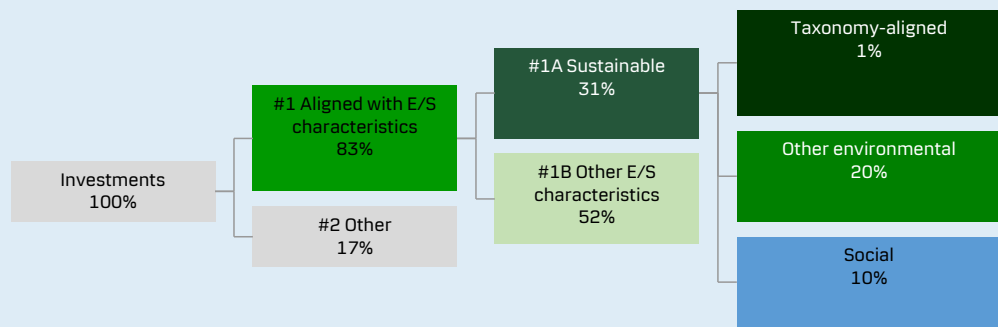
The fund also made 'Other investments' that were not screened according to the processes used to attain environmental and social characteristics (see 'Which investments were included under "Other", what was their purpose, and were there any environmental or social minimum safeguards').

The “asset allocation” chart demonstrates the proportion of the fund's investments that were aligned with the fund's environmental and/or social characteristics in the reference period, as well as other investments. For asset allocation in previous reference periods, see the table below the chart.

The share of investments aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics is calculated against the total market value of the fund's investments.

Asset allocation reflects average values for the year.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

All asset allocation percentages are rounded to whole percentage points; therefore, summing the categories may produce minor discrepancies versus the reported figures.

Asset allocation of the fund compared to previous reference periods	2022 (%)	2023 (%)	2024 (%)	2025 (%)
#1 Aligned with E/S Characteristics	85	85	86	83
#2 Other	15	15	14	17
#1A Sustainable	28	31	33	31
#1B Other E/S Characteristics	57	54	53	52
Taxonomy-aligned	2	1	1	1
Other environmental	22	15	11	20
Social	5	16	21	10

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The table is based on holdings with data coverage in respect to sector allocation. The share of investments for which such data does not exist is marked "No sector data". Weights for cash and derivatives are not reported meaning that the exposure weights do not necessarily add up to 100%.

The table reports separately on the fund's exposures to issuers in sub-sectors that derive revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, production, processing, storage, refining or distribution, including transportation, storage and trade, of fossil fuels. These sub-sectors are reported through the sub-sector classifications of: Oil & Gas Drilling, Oil & Gas Equipment & Services, Integrated Oil & Gas, Oil & Gas Exploration & Production, Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing, Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation, and Coal & Consumable Fuels.

Sector	Sub-sector	Pct.
Financials	Diversified Banks	6.97%
Information Technology	Semiconductors	6.41%
Communication Services	Interactive Media & Services	4.14%
Information Technology	Systems Software	3.47%
Health Care	Pharmaceuticals	3.44%
Information Technology	Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	3.43%
Consumer Discretionary	Broadline Retail	2.19%
Information Technology	Application Software	1.98%
Consumer Discretionary	Automobile Manufacturers	1.68%
Industrials	Aerospace & Defense	1.54%
Financials	Multi-Sector Holdings	1.26%
Information Technology	Semiconductor Materials & Equipment	1.24%
Industrials	Electrical Components & Equipment	1.19%
Utilities	Electric Utilities	1.19%
Financials	Transaction & Payment Processing Services	1.18%
Financials	Property & Casualty Insurance	1.12%
Health Care	Health Care Equipment	1.12%
Communication Services	Integrated Telecommunication Services	1.11%
Energy	Integrated Oil & Gas	1.08%
Financials	Investment Banking & Brokerage	0.93%
Industrials	Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	0.92%
Health Care	Biotechnology	0.90%
Consumer Staples	Consumer Staples Merchandise Retail	0.83%
Financials	Asset Management & Custody Banks	0.73%
Communication Services	Movies & Entertainment	0.73%

Financials	Financial Exchanges & Data	0.71%
Health Care	Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.70%
Consumer Staples	Soft Drinks & Non-alcoholic Beverages	0.70%
Consumer Discretionary	Hotels, Resorts & Cruise Lines	0.65%
Industrials	Construction & Engineering	0.65%
Financials	Life & Health Insurance	0.63%
Information Technology	IT Consulting & Other Services	0.59%
Information Technology	Communications Equipment	0.58%
Consumer Staples	Packaged Foods & Meats	0.56%
Financials	Consumer Finance	0.54%
Materials	Specialty Chemicals	0.54%
Materials	Gold	0.49%
Industrials	Industrial Conglomerates	0.47%
Consumer Staples	Household Products	0.47%
Industrials	Trading Companies & Distributors	0.46%
Financials	Multi-line Insurance	0.46%
Consumer Discretionary	Restaurants	0.44%
Materials	Industrial Gases	0.43%
Industrials	Building Products	0.39%
Health Care	Managed Health Care	0.38%
Industrials	Construction Machinery & Heavy Transportation Equipment	0.38%
Utilities	Multi-Utilities	0.38%
Materials	Diversified Metals & Mining	0.37%
Consumer Discretionary	Automotive Parts & Equipment	0.36%
Industrials	Rail Transportation	0.36%
Communication Services	Wireless Telecommunication Services	0.36%
Information Technology	Internet Services & Infrastructure	0.36%
Industrials	Environmental & Facilities Services	0.35%
Consumer Discretionary	Apparel, Accessories & Luxury Goods	0.35%
Information Technology	Electronic Components	0.34%
Real Estate	Real Estate Operating Companies	0.31%
Consumer Staples	Food Retail	0.30%
Consumer Staples	Personal Care Products	0.30%
Consumer Discretionary	Apparel Retail	0.30%
Industrials	Heavy Electrical Equipment	0.29%
Consumer Discretionary	Casinos & Gaming	0.29%
Energy	Oil & Gas Equipment & Services	0.29%
Health Care	Health Care Distributors	0.29%
Consumer Discretionary	Home Improvement Retail	0.27%
Materials	Construction Materials	0.27%
Financials	Diversified Capital Markets	0.25%
Information Technology	Electronic Equipment & Instruments	0.24%
Materials	Steel	0.24%
Industrials	Air Freight & Logistics	0.23%
Health Care	Health Care Services	0.23%
Consumer Discretionary	Leisure Facilities	0.23%
Financials	Reinsurance	0.23%
Energy	Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation	0.22%

Industrials	Research & Consulting Services	0.21%
Communication Services	Cable & Satellite	0.21%
Real Estate	Industrial REITs	0.21%
Health Care	Health Care Facilities	0.20%
Financials	Insurance Brokers	0.20%
Real Estate	Retail REITs	0.19%
Financials	Diversified Financial Services	0.18%
Information Technology	Electronic Manufacturing Services	0.18%
Industrials	Passenger Ground Transportation	0.17%
Materials	Metal, Glass & Plastic Containers	0.17%
Consumer Discretionary	Consumer Electronics	0.17%
Communication Services	Advertising	0.17%
Financials	Regional Banks	0.16%
Communication Services	Interactive Home Entertainment	0.16%
Consumer Discretionary	Automotive Retail	0.16%
Materials	Fertilizers & Agricultural Chemicals	0.15%
Health Care	Health Care Supplies	0.15%
Industrials	Human Resource & Employment Services	0.14%
Industrials	Passenger Airlines	0.13%
Utilities	Gas Utilities	0.13%
Energy	Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing	0.13%
Consumer Staples	Brewers	0.13%
Real Estate	Health Care REITs	0.11%
Industrials	Data Processing & Outsourced Services	0.11%
Consumer Discretionary	Footwear	0.11%
Consumer Discretionary	Homebuilding	0.11%
Real Estate	Single-Family Residential REITs	0.10%
Communication Services	Broadcasting	0.10%
Materials	Paper & Plastic Packaging Products & Materials	0.10%
Real Estate	Multi-Family Residential REITs	0.10%
Industrials	Highways & Railtracks	0.10%
Consumer Discretionary	Other Specialty Retail	0.10%
Real Estate	Real Estate Services	0.10%
Utilities	Water Utilities	0.10%
Consumer Staples	Food Distributors	0.09%
Financials	Commercial & Residential Mortgage Finance	0.09%
Real Estate	Other Specialized REITs	0.09%
Industrials	Agricultural & Farm Machinery	0.09%
Materials	Aluminum	0.09%
Industrials	Marine Transportation	0.09%
Real Estate	Diversified Real Estate Activities	0.09%
Real Estate	Data Center REITs	0.09%
Consumer Staples	Distillers & Vintners	0.08%
Consumer Discretionary	Tires & Rubber	0.08%
Materials	Commodity Chemicals	0.08%
Real Estate	Telecom Tower REITs	0.08%
Utilities	Renewable Electricity	0.07%
Industrials	Diversified Support Services	0.07%

Energy	Coal & Consumable Fuels	0.06%
Health Care	Health Care Technology	0.06%
Materials	Copper	0.06%
Energy	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	0.06%
Real Estate	Self-Storage REITs	0.06%
Materials	Diversified Chemicals	0.05%
Consumer Discretionary	Household Appliances	0.05%
Consumer Discretionary	Education Services	0.05%
Financials	Thriffs & Mortgage Finance	0.05%
Real Estate	Real Estate Development	0.04%
Communication Services	Alternative Carriers	0.04%
Industrials	Trucking	0.04%
Financials	Mortgage REITs	0.04%
Industrials	Security & Alarm Services	0.04%
Industrials	Cargo Ground Transportation	0.04%
Industrials	Airport Services	0.03%
Consumer Discretionary	Distributors	0.03%
Consumer Staples	Drug Retail	0.03%
Materials	Paper Products	0.03%
Consumer Discretionary	Leisure Products	0.03%
Consumer Discretionary	Specialized Consumer Services	0.02%
Real Estate	Specialized REITs	0.02%
Energy	Oil & Gas Drilling	0.02%
Consumer Discretionary	Motorcycle Manufacturers	0.02%
Real Estate	Office REITs	0.02%
Information Technology	Data Processing & Outsourced Services	0.02%
Consumer Discretionary	Homefurnishing Retail	0.01%
Industrials	Marine Ports & Services	0.01%
Information Technology	Technology Distributors	0.01%
Consumer Staples	Agricultural Products & Services	0.01%
Real Estate	Hotel & Resort REITs	0.01%
Real Estate	Diversified REITs	0.01%
Communication Services	Publishing	0.01%
Consumer Discretionary	Department Stores	0.01%
Consumer Discretionary	Computer & Electronics Retail	0.01%
Consumer Discretionary	Home Furnishings	0.01%
Real Estate	Timber REITs	0.00%
Consumer Discretionary	Housewares & Specialties	0.00%
Industrials	Commercial Printing	0.00%
Financials	Specialized Finance	0.00%
Government bonds		14.87%
No sector data		7.88%



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund did not commit to invest in accordance with the EU Taxonomy.

The fund's measured share of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy in the reference period is reported in the graph below. For the purposes of that calculation, the fund screened for activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy as based on the screening criteria set-out in Article 3 of the EU Taxonomy.

The reported share of economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy of 1% as based on revenue can be attributed with 0.7% on activities in support of the climate change mitigation objective; 0.0% on activities in support of the climate change adaptation objective; 0% on activities in support of sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, 0% on activities in support of transitioning to a circular economy, 0% on activities in support of pollution prevention and control; and 0% on activities in support of protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. For some of the companies' reported taxonomy-aligned activities, there is no data on which of the environmental objectives the activities of these investments contribute to. The total EU Taxonomy-aligned share is rounded to a whole number, while objective-levels are disclosed to one decimal place for greater granularity and transparency; minor rounding differences may therefore occur.

The measurement of taxonomy-aligned activities is based on company reported data made available through ISS ESG.

The extent to which the investments meet the screening criteria of the EU Taxonomy requirements is not subject to an assurance provided by an auditor.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy*?

- Yes
 In fossil gas
 In nuclear energy
 No

*Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

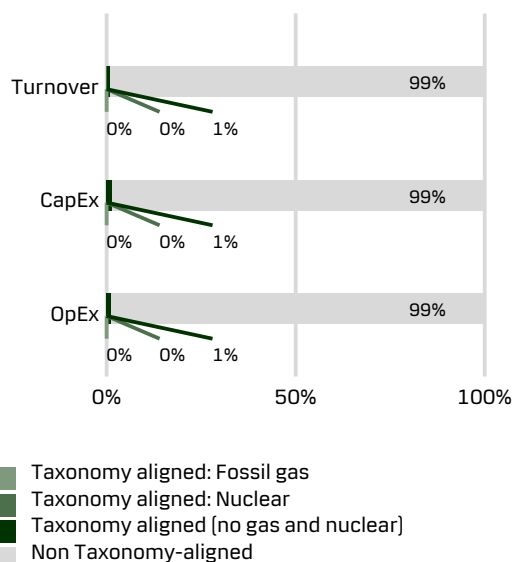
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

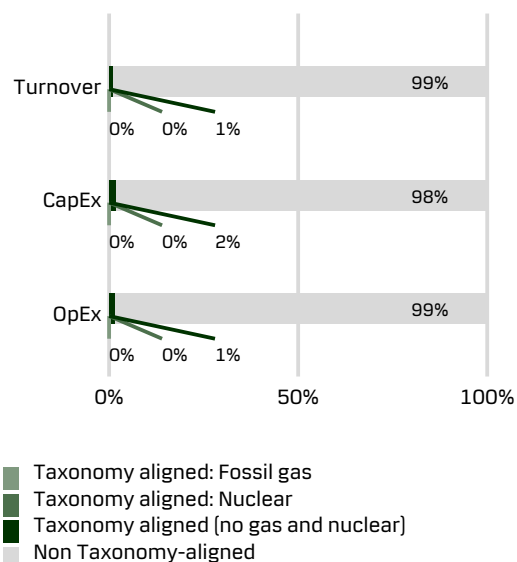
Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emissions corresponding to the best performance.

The graph below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investment of the financial product other that sovereign bonds.

1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds*



2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds*



This graph represents 82% of the total investments

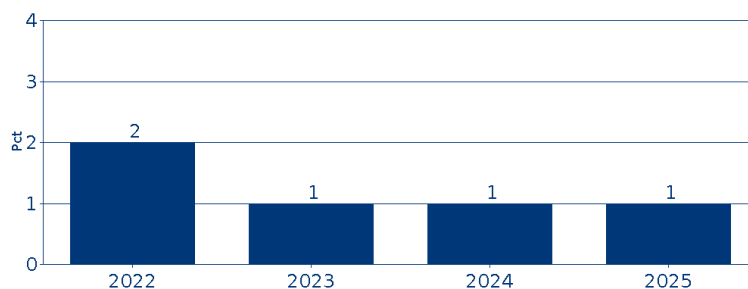
* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Taxonomy alignment	2022 (%)	2023 (%)	2024 (%)	2025 (%)
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy	2	1	1	1
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy (enabling activities)	1	0	0	0
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy (transitional activities)	0	0	0	0

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of
 - Turnover reflects the 'greenness' of investee companies today.
 - Capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
 - Operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?



For the reference year 2022, conservative estimates were used to measure and report the proportion of activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy. This approach differs from following reference years, where alignment with the EU Taxonomy is based solely on company-reported data made available through ISS ESG.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy was 20%.

The fund invested in these issuers outside the scope of the EU Taxonomy because investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities are not an active part of the fund's investment strategy. Also, the limited availability of data that allows the fund to determine the Taxonomy alignment of the activities of issuers in the fund's full investment universe remains a challenge.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of socially sustainable investments was 10 %.

What investments were included under 'other', what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The fund's #Other investments include investments that did not contribute to the attainment of environmental and/or social characteristics of the fund. Other investments were not subject to minimum environmental and social standards and included cash held as ancillary liquidity and other investments used for hedging or risk management purposes.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.





What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the fund managed the investment strategy in accordance with the binding elements relating to the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics, meaning that issuers were screened against applicable exclusions, selection of issuers performed in accordance with the fund's inclusion criteria, commitment to invest in sustainable investments and, where relevant, active ownership activities.

The fund is monitored to ensure the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics.

For sovereigns and supranationals in the portfolio 2 engagements have been logged in respect to the management of principal adverse impacts.

For investee companies in the portfolio 172 engagements have been registered on climate/GHG related topics, 15 for biodiversity, 21 on hazardous waste and water emissions, and 135 on social and employee matters.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not relevant

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.